

WHITMAN KNEW SLAYERS TWELVE HOURS AFTER MURDER

Interested in a woman known variously as Rosie Harris and Regina Gordon. We learned that Regina Gordon was arrested on the street in Harlem about 2 o'clock on the morning of July 16 by Policemen McCrossen and Inspector Swenson's staff. This was about the time Rosenthal was killed.

The woman was sent to the Workhouse a few hours after her arrest. We found that she wrote a letter from the Workhouse to a friend, directing the friend to go to her flat in upper Seventh avenue, and take away two trunks belonging to her and one to 'Lefty Louie,' who had been living there under the name of Louis Baker.

The Harris woman's trunk was traced to an address in Manhattan avenue, and 'Lefty Louie's' trunk to an address in Suffolk street. In 'Lefty Louie's' trunk we found two revolvers.

"One of the revolvers was an Iver Johnson, the other an American. Both were .32 calibre. We got them on July 24, and turned them over to Lieut. Jones, the expert. He found that one had recently been discharged, and his investigation established that it was fired about a week before the 24th—say about the 16th. It has been positively established that the bullet which struck Rosenthal in the top of the head was of .32 calibre. The bullet which entered his face struck a bone and was so splintered that it has not yet been determined what the calibre was.

"Bullet marks on opposite sides of the door of the Metropole show that Rosenthal was subjected to a cross fire. This would indicate that more than one of the assassins shot at him. However, the whole story will come out, and in the mean time we think we have important evidence in that smoke-stained revolver."

DAGO FRANK'S ALIBI SHATTERED.

The police have been unable to get any information out of Dago Frank, but they will take another try at him and also at Whitney Lewis today. The alibi claimed for Dago Frank has been pretty well shattered already. It was claimed he was standing outside the East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street police station between 2:30 and 3:30 the morning of the murder, while a bandman hailed out Rosie Harris. The police records show she was hailed from the West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street station at 4:05 that morning.

The police believe they will be able to prove where the murderers had their rendezvous the morning after the killing. It was a flat in a house near One Hundred and Fortieth street and Seventh avenue. Deputy Dougherty says the four men were there an hour after the murder. He expects to have one of the most important witnesses yet found a messenger boy who saw all of them and carried messages, besides doing a little telephoning for them.

These messages may establish connections between some of the men charged with complicity in the murder. Dougherty says he knows one of the persons to whom a message was sent, and he is now bending every effort toward finding the messenger boy and having him identify the men who sent it.

There has been unusual activity about Headquarters since the capture of Whitney Lewis. It is understood twenty Headquarters men are now working in the Catskills. Coupled to a statement made by one high in authority last night that Gyp and Lefty were surrounded, Detectives Casassa and McKenna were rushed north on a West Shore train.

District Attorney Whitman stopped over in Boston yesterday on his way to Vermont to spend Sunday with his wife. Two men accompanied him, and it is believed his visit had something to do with the report that Lefty Lewis and Jack Zelig were there. It was reported in Boston that Zelig had communicated with the District Attorney through his lawyer and that he and Mr. Whitman might have a conference in Boston, where Zelig is believed to be still.

Another connecting link in the murder is a telephone conversation carried on by three of the men concerned in the murder at 7 P. M. July 16. A record of the conversation is in the hands of the District Attorney, according to Raymond C. Schindler, formerly of the Burns Detective Agency.

In support of the claim that Lieut. Charles Becker knew where Rose was hiding after the murder it has become known that when John W. Hart, Becker's counsel, went to Harry Pollok's house in Riverside Drive to get an affidavit, as Hart explains, in regard to the Rosenthal mortgage, the lawyer was able to gain admission by a secret code arranged between Becker and Rose. Sam Schepps is said to have been at the house, also, either at the time Becker's counsel called or a few minutes before he arrived.

"WHITE" LEWIS'S COUNSEL SAYS HE'LL TELL OF "OTHERS"

"Is That Dougherty?" Partner Asks After Lawyer's Telephone Chat With "George" and "Dominick"—Declares Client Has Not Given Him Alibi.

An Evening World reporter was seated this morning in the outer office of Louis Spiegel of No. 116 Centre street, counsel for "Whitey" Lewis, when the telephone rang. Spiegel had just entered the room.

Taking the receiver off the hook, Spiegel said: "Hello, Dominick."

"No, I have given no interview to any one," Spiegel went on. "If I have any information about the others I will let you know first. All right, put him on. Hello, George! I assure you positively that I do not know where they are. If I get anything I will let you know. Sure, Good-bye."

"Is that Dougherty?" asked Spiegel's associate when the lawyer hung up the telephone receiver.

"Yes," replied Spiegel.

Before the arrival of the lawyer a letter addressed to "Gyp the Blood" had been delivered in his office. The letter caused laughter, and was said to have been written by some crank, as Spiegel assured The Evening World reporter that he had not the slightest idea of the present whereabouts of "Gyp the Blood."

"Lefty Louie" and Jack Zelig, another member of the Jack Zelig gang, were members of the Jack Zelig gang.

COUNSEL FOR GUNNER BEFORE THE MURDER.

"The way I came to represent these men," explained Spiegel, "was that 'Lefty' and this missing 'Lefty Louie' and my present client, 'Whitey Lewis,' hired me when they were arrested June 3 in Chinatown and were arraigned in the Centre Street Court, charged with being implicated in a downtown shooting by a police officer of the Fifth Precinct. I got the three out on bail of \$100 each and it was in the morning of the same day, about fifteen minutes before noon, that Zelig was shot in Centre street directly in front of my office by Charles Torti."

"And Louis Spiegel never got a cent from Zelig or any of the crowd for getting them off that time," said the office associate of the lawyer.

"Now, I am not going to say one word about that," declared Spiegel. "I am counsel now for 'Whitey' Lewis, and he is another case."

"Tell how you got 'Whitey' Lewis off the last time you appeared for him," was asked.

"Why, he was discharged by Magistrate McAdoo next day after the shooting of Zelig," replied Spiegel. "Both 'Whitey' Lewis and 'Lefty Louie' were not free June 4. I showed how they had nothing to do with the Chinatown shooting. As for Zelig, he was sent to the hospital and I did not get him discharged until June 11. Both 'Whitey' Lewis and 'Lefty Louie' were standing next me with Zelig at the time the latter was shot by Charles Torti, June 1."

"WHITEY'S" LAWYER DOESN'T KNOW HIS ALIBI.

"What does 'Whitey' Lewis tell you of his whereabouts since the killing of Herman Rosenthal July 16?" was asked.

"He is very close-mouthed, even to me," replied his lawyer. "He has not yet told me where he lives. That is where he is smart. I don't expect to get much out of him. I really ought to know about his alleged alibi, but I

don't, not as yet. As for the story of his arrest told by the police, it seems to me made up of that up to us to give the arrest a sensational flavor."

This discharge of "Whitey" Lewis on June 4 has an odd twist, taken in connection with the charge of Judge Swann that he had sought to get the police to arrest a range for participation in a highway robbery committed March 5, 1911, at Division and Ridge streets, fifteen months previous to the discharge of the man from Centre street court.

To an Evening World reporter Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty denied that he had ever heard of "Whitey" Lewis, who was wanted by the police for the 1911 robbery. Yet the police seem to have arrested "Whitey" Lewis upon a charge in the meantime, and let him slip out of their fingers. Judge Swann's court is in the same building as the magistrate's court from which "Whitey" Lewis was discharged.

Another amazing feature of the whole proceedings is that a brother of Harry Vallon, one of the confessed plotters of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, was for a time in the jury that convicted Charles Torti, leader of the Bleecker gang, for shooting Jack Zelig in front of the Criminal Courts building. Torti got five years, being sentenced June 20, a month before the killing of Herman Rosenthal. This punishment of Torti convinced gangdom that Jack Zelig and his gang were evidently "in right" with the authorities.

BECKER'S MEN ARRESTED ZELIG LAST MAY.

Prior to the events narrated to-day by lawyer Spiegel and his connection with the case of "Whitey" Lewis, Zelig had been arrested May 12 in a cafe at No. 24 Second avenue by Steinert and White of Lieut. Charles Becker's strong arm squad—the same two who made up the jury bills for the city to pay for raiding Herman Rosenthal's gambling house on April 11. They charged him with carrying concealed weapons.

Zelig, according to his counsel, this time he was represented by former Police Magistrate Wahl—was bailed out May 14, a bond of \$10,000 being furnished by Sam Paul, "Bridge" Webber, Harry Vallon and Jack Rose. When this case came up for trial, June 25, only twenty days before the killing of Herman Rosenthal, it had to be adjourned, owing to the reported illness of Policeman Wahl.

"There is no question in my mind that Steinert and White 'framed' the case against Zelig," said Wahl to-day. "That is our defense. All that the Dis-

WHITE LAUGHS A "SCREAM" POLICE VERSION OF ARREST

Old Sleuth Trimmings All Wrong, He Says; Detective Harvey, in Usual Attire, Just Greeted Him On His Way Here to Surrender.

When the late Inspector Byrnes was in charge of the Detective Bureau at Police Headquarters it was his custom, when an important arrest had been made, to send his confidential man, Frank Mangin, out to round up the newspaper reporters. The missions of the press, on entering Byrnes's office, would be greeted by the big detective something like this:

"After days of unrelenting and skillful work, Detectives So and So and So and So have arrested 'Mike the Bitch' and have fastened on him the murder of Peter Gazump, the old west side miser." With this introduction Byrnes would give out a story of pursuit and capture that would rival anything in detective fiction. And he always got away with it.

Deputy Commissioner George Dougherty has evidently taken a leaf from Byrnes's book. In telling about the arrest of "Whitey" Lewis up in the Catskills, he has put on all the "Old Sleuth" trimmings. He has his men planted all through the country disguised as farm hands, railroad men, laborers, chauffeurs, tramps, fishermen and even summer boarders. Detective Harvey, who arrested Lewis, was disguised, Dougherty says, as a farm hand, and watched Lewis for days.

Dougherty says, was moving under the name of Miller and here is the head sleuth's description of the capture at Fleischman's:

JUST LIKE A "COLLAR" BY "OLD SLEUTH."

"Thursday it was evident that 'Mr. Miller' had planned upon some course of action. Harvey kept close to him, as close as a farm hand can to a boarder. 'Whitey' Jack strolled down to the railroad station just a little while before a train for Kingston was due. Harvey had sent word to his side partner, Campbell, and Rafia, to be ready to jump in. They got to the station and hung around as though waiting for a train also.

"Mr. Miller" had paid his bill. He handed over the grip to the hired hand—'Frank.' I think Harvey called himself—'Harvey' offered to see him off.

"Quite a few people had gone to the station, as always in the summer months. The arrival and departure of the trains is an event. Harvey stumbled along with the grip at the heels of 'Mr. Miller' and waited till the train was slowing down for the brief stop.

"Then Harvey bumped into his man with a force that made 'Whitey' exclaim with an oath: 'What's the matter with you? Gimme that bag.'"

"Still Harvey was not sure but that 'Whitey' might have some friend aboard the train, and he glanced down the line of cars, but saw no one that recognized 'Whitey.' 'Mr. Miller' had seized his grip and was about to climb aboard. Quick as a flash Harvey drew a pair of handcuffs, heavy ones he had taken with him from New York, and snapped them on his own wrist and on 'Whitey's.'"

"To say that the prisoner was astounded to hardly the word to use. He was about to lurch himself upon Harvey when the latter, throwing off his battered old hat and pushing back his hair, looked 'Whitey' in the eye.

"Oh, it's you, Jack, said 'Whitey.' I guess I've got to go along. What do you want me to do?"

"I don't want you, 'Whitey,' said Harvey. 'It's the office wants you down below.'"

"WHITEY" CALLS THE POLICE ROMANCE A "SCREAM."

"Whitey" Lewis read this thrilling account in the Tombs to-day and he laughed and laughed and laughed. He said it was the funniest thing he ever saw.

"Well, Becker," said Lewis, "if that ain't a scream. Now I'll tell you the way I got pinched."

"I was up there, mingling with ladies and gentlemen, and my coin was running low. I knew I was wanted and I had decided to come and give myself up. I expected the cops would get me some day if I stuck because I walked around openly and made no attempt to conceal that I was a wanted man."

"I went down to the railroad station and bought my ticket. Just then Detective Harvey stepped up and grabbed me as the train pulled in. He didn't have on any overalls or 'jany' bid. He was just dressed like he always is, and I knew him and he knew me."

"Why, Harvey promised to say he caught me as I was on my way to New York to give myself up. I didn't see him around up there before I was pinched."

"Dougherty tells how Harvey, dressed as a farm hand, carried my grip. I didn't have a grip when I went up there. I expected the cops would get me some day if I stuck because I walked around openly and made no attempt to conceal that I was a wanted man."

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CHAUFFEUR WHO DROVE BECKER'S AUTO THE NIGHT OF THE MURDER.



OTTO AVERSI

time, and I'd just as soon die to-morrow as a few years later.

"I wasn't in New York when Rosenthal was shot, and I hadn't been in New York for quite a while before. You know, I was mixed up in that shooting scrape when 'Big Jack' Zelig's men went after 'Chick' Trigger. I had to be low on that account. I knew the police were dead anxious to get something on me, and I wasn't going to give them a chance. I'm no saint, you know. I don't object to admitting that."

"The police think they have something on me because of that picture showing me with 'Gyp the Blood,' 'Dago Frank' and 'Lefty Louie.' Why, say, that picture is all in my favor. Do you think we'd have had our pictures taken together like that if we were going to croak somebody?"

"That picture was taken only about a week before Rosenthal was shot. It was taken at Far Rockaway. That was the only time I ever met those fellows. I happened to become acquainted with them out at Far Rockaway. The girls in the picture were ones we met there at a hotel."

FUSION ALDERMEN MAY ASK PUBLIC FOR PROBE FUNDS.

The Fusion Aldermen are planning to-day to raise funds by public subscription if Mayor Gaynor and the Tammany Aldermen attempt to smother the proposed investigation of police conditions.

"There is going to be an investigation by the Board of Aldermen of the allegations that there is a partnership between the Police Department and the gamblers, no matter what happens," said Alderman Curran, "and the inquiry will be conducted by a lawyer other than a representative of the Corporation Counsel's office."

It will take sixty votes to push through a resolution calling for an appropriation. The best the Fusionists can muster is 44 votes. The Fusionists have a controlling vote in the Board but the Mayor and Tammany hold the whip hand when it comes to money, and it is reported the Tammany men will side with the Mayor. Even if Tammany men vote for an appropriation the Mayor can veto it.

AMERICAN TROOPS EXCHANGE SHOTS WITH MEXICANS

Bullets Fly Across the Texas Border and Houses in El Paso Are Struck.

EL PASO, TEXAS, Aug. 3.—Mexican rebels and United States soldiers exchanged more than fifty shots across the border late last night and early to-day in East El Paso, and the homes of five Americans in El Paso were struck by Mexican bullets.

The rebels opened fire upon the American soldiers on patrol duty near the El Paso foundry in the darkness, and the Americans returned the fire, shooting in the direction from which the Mexican shots had come.

American soldiers were struck, as neither side could see the other. After the first three or four shots were heard, the soldiers on guard on the American side opened fire toward Mexico.

The bullets then came faster from the Mexican side, one of them striking A. D. Martin's house. The houses of Messrs. Curtis, Williams and Yonkers, near the river, were struck by bullets, as was the roof of one of the El Paso Foundry buildings. After the persons on the Mexican side of the river had fired thirty or forty times they ceased and the American soldiers went toward the river to investigate.

At this moment a posse composed of Sheriff Penitón J. Edwards and deputies arrived and started a search of the thick brush growing in the old riverbed. No trace of the men who fired from the Mexican side could be found. The police officers returned, leaving further investigation to the soldiers.

It was the opinion of some of the residents of that section that the firing had been done by Mexican rebels to draw the attention of the American soldiers so that a quantity of ammunition could be smuggled across the river at another point. A careful investigation is being made by the officers in command of the two battalions of infantry and a report will be made to Col. E. Z. Steever at Fort Bliss.

NAMED SLAYERS TO WHITMAN 12 HOURS AFTER SHOOTING

Ex-Convict "Staked" by Murdered Gambler Rosenthal Tells How He Overheard Plot at Paul Outing and Learned of Gang's Movements.

How the names of "Whitey" Lewis, "Gyp the Blood" Horowitz, "Dago Frank" Cirofici and "Lefty Louie" Rosenberg reached the District Attorney and, through the District Attorney, got to the police, became known to The Evening World to-day. The information came through a member of the underworld, an ex-convict, who has served four terms in Sing Sing and knows every gang man on the east side.

This man was recently released from Sing Sing, and, on his return to New York, hunted up Herman Rosenthal, who "staked" him to a suit of clothes and kept him supplied with money for food until he got a job in an East Side gambling house. The ex-convict was continually in the company of gangsters and picked up a lot of information from their conversation.

He was at the Sam Paul Association outing on Sunday, July 14, and stood behind the table at which "Bridge" Webber, "Jack" Rose and others sat when they talked of "croaking" Rosenthal. He warned Rosenthal that the gang was going to "get" him, but Rosenthal did not heed the warning.

TOLD OF DEATH THREAT AT PAUL OUTING.

On the afternoon of July 15, about twelve hours after the murder, this ex-convict telephoned the District Attorney's office, and gave him important information. He was invited to visit Mr. Whitman's office, but refused, saying he would be spotted and probably killed. Finally an appointment was made and the ex-convict was picked up by one of the District Attorney's detectives at Forty-second street and Broadway, and escorted to a meeting with Mr. Whitman.

First he told of the conversation he had heard at the Sam Paul outing. Then he gave the District Attorney the information that "Jack Rose" and "Bridge" Webber hired the gray touring car from William Shapiro and Louis Libby. This news Mr. Whitman got a little later from Deputy-Commissioner Dougherty.

The ex-convict informed Mr. Whitman that the men who actually shot Rosenthal were "Whitey" Lewis, "Dago Frank," "Lefty Louie" and "Gyp the Blood."

The jailbird informant of the District Attorney says he has worked in the game on the East Side with the frequently visited by Jack Rose, and that Rose was known throughout the district as Becker's collector. One day, the ex-convict says, Rose went to the open telephone in a stucco room, called up Police Headquarters, asked for Lieut. Becker, and said:

"Well, that—in Brooklyn still refused to give up. What shall we do to him?"

BECKER ORDERED LEVY RETAINED FOR CHAUFFEURS

Lieutenant Is Said to Have Picked Lawyer to Represent Driver of Murder Car.

That Lieut. Becker discussed with Jack Rose the engagement of Aaron J. Levy as counsel for the chauffeurs, Libby and Shapiro, on Wednesday morning, July 17, before their arraignment in Coroner Feinberg's court, is one of the important statements made by Rose which the District Attorney has not disclosed. It was learned to-day.

The conversation took place while Rose was in hiding in Harry Pollok's apartment and while the chauffeurs were in the custody of Commissioner Dougherty. Near the cells of the prisoners was the office of Lieut. Becker, who was present at Police Headquarters during most of the day.

It was further learned that Detective Frank Fyler, attached to Commissioner Dougherty's staff, is the man who called Mr. Levy's office a few moments before the prisoners were arraigned on the charge of murder in the first degree and told the lawyer he was wanted in the Coroner's office to represent the two boys.

BECKER ORDERED ROSE TO ENGAGE THE LAWYER.

Rose is said to have told the District Attorney that early on Wednesday, July 17, Becker demanded that Rose obtain counsel for the drivers. Rose replied that he was "all in" and could not leave the house. He pleaded that he could hardly walk across a room and needed the attention of a physician. Becker is reported to have responded with an oath and to have asked Rose who would be a good man to get. Rose suggested two or three names and Becker, according to a version The Evening World obtained to-day, Becker indignantly inquired:

"How about Aaron Levy?"

Rose told Becker that Levy had represented "Dollar John" in the row the East Side stucco king raised after a raid on John's places and the loss of \$3,000. Rose said that Levy had advised "Dollar John" to drop the case. This seemed to satisfy Becker. Rose said, and the lieutenant stated he would have another person notify Levy.

The next link in this chain is said to have been forced for the District Attorney by a person who overheard Detective Flynn call up Levy's office and tell him to come at once to the Coroner's office and ask for further questions. Mr. Levy got Flynn's message and hurried over to the Coroner's office, where he asked an adjournment of the arraignment until he had had an opportunity to discuss the case with his clients.

AT FOUNTAINS & ELSEWHERE Ask for "HORLICK'S"

The Original and Genuine Malted Milk The Food-drink for All Ages. At restaurants, hotels, and fountains. Delicious, invigorating and sustaining. Keep it on your sideboard at home. Don't travel without it. A quick lunch prepared in a minute. Take no limitation. Just say "HORLICK'S" and in Any Milk Trade.

Wool Bill Now up to Taft: Passed by the House.

Conference Report on Tariff Revision Measure Agreed to by Vote of 160 to 62.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—The House to-day agreed to the conference report on the Wool Tariff Revision bill by the vote of 160 to 62. Only one Democrat, Representative Ashbrook of Ohio, voted against its adoption, while twenty-four Republicans joined with the Democrats in the affirmative vote. The measure now will go to the President.

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THOUGHTS OF 60,000,000 NEWSPAPER READERS CONSIDERED IN SUIT

Anti-Trust Action Designed to Give Free Influence and End Bitter Trade War.

CHICAGO, Aug. 3.—With the filing of an agreed decree in a civil anti-trust suit against the Western Newspaper Union and the American Press Association, the Federal Government to-day took an advanced step under the Sherman law to prevent what the department of justice regarded as the possibility of a combination to influence the thought of 60,000,000 readers of rural newspapers. The proceeding in this anti-trust suit were terminated in record time, United States District Judge Keneas Landis entering the agreed decree immediately following the filing of the Government's petition, and the answers of the defendants. The suit was directed against the following corporate and individual defendants: Central West Publishing company (holding company of the Western Newspaper Union); Western Newspaper Union; Western Newspaper Union of New York; George A. Joslyn of Omaha, Neb.; John F. Caramer, Milwaukee; H. H. Fish, Omaha; M. M. McMillen, Chicago; American Press Association, organized in New York; American Press Association, organized in West Virginia; Courtenay Smith, W. G. Brogan and Maurice F. Gorman.

The decree is designed to end a bitter trade war between the corporations, which furnish "boiler plate" and "ready print" to the rural newspapers, and the papers. The defendants are restrained from combining or continuing alleged unfair methods in competition which would result in destroying one or the other and a complete monopoly for the survivor with all its potential power of influencing the sentiment on economic and other important questions of the readers of the 10,000 small newspapers of the United States, which it is estimated fall into the hands of two-thirds of the people of the country.

NEWEST ZEPPELIN AIRSHIP.

HAZBURG, Germany, Aug. 3.—The latest Zeppelin airship constructed to carry passengers arrived here from Friedrichshafen on Lake Constance at midnight after a trip of almost 800 miles. The monster air cruiser, which is named the Hanna, at a trial on Aug. 1 attained a speed of 44 1/2 miles an hour. It is to be stationed here and will make a specialty of excursions out to sea.

ECZEMA WOULD ITCH AND BURN

On Face, and In Ears. All Little Scales, Scratched Until Ears Bled, Swelled Terribly, One Cake of Cuticura Soap and One Box of Cuticura Ointment Cured.

25 E. Main St., Patheque, N. Y.—"For several years I was bothered with eczema on my face and finally in my ears. When I started to scratch I would break out all in little red spots and then it would itch and burn and become all little scales. After I would scratch it my face would swell and my ears would bleed and finally I was ashamed to have anyone see me. My ears itched so that I scratched until they bled. Soon they became inflamed and swelled terribly. My face was that way for over a year and I tried several remedies but they were not satisfactory. Finally I tried Cuticura Soap and Ointment and after using one box of Cuticura Ointment and one cake of Cuticura Soap I was completely cured and can say now that I have as good skin as anyone." (Signed) Mrs. Nellie Marsden, Mar. 6, 1912.

The regular use of Cuticura Soap for toilet and bath not only tends to preserve pure and beautiful skin, scalp, hair and hands, but assists in